Towards a Typology of English Accents

The Speech Accent Archive and STAT

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Outline

- Archive architecture
- Theoretical and applied utility
- Phonological Speech Patterns (PSP)
- Speech Transcription Analysis Tool (STAT)

Archive Architecture

http://accent.gmu.edu

- 1,214 samples (and growing)
- 250 native language backgrounds
 - American English to Zulu
 - ≥ 1 speaker per native language
- Segmental
- Searchable
- Collaborative
- Qualified remote submissions
- 1 million hits per month

Elicitation paragraph

 Please call Stella. Ask her to bring these things with her from the store: six spoons of fresh snow peas, five thick slabs of blue cheese, and maybe a snack for her brother Bob. We also need a small plastic snake and a big toy frog for the kids. She can scoop these things into three red bags, and we will go meet her Wednesday at the train station.

Total words

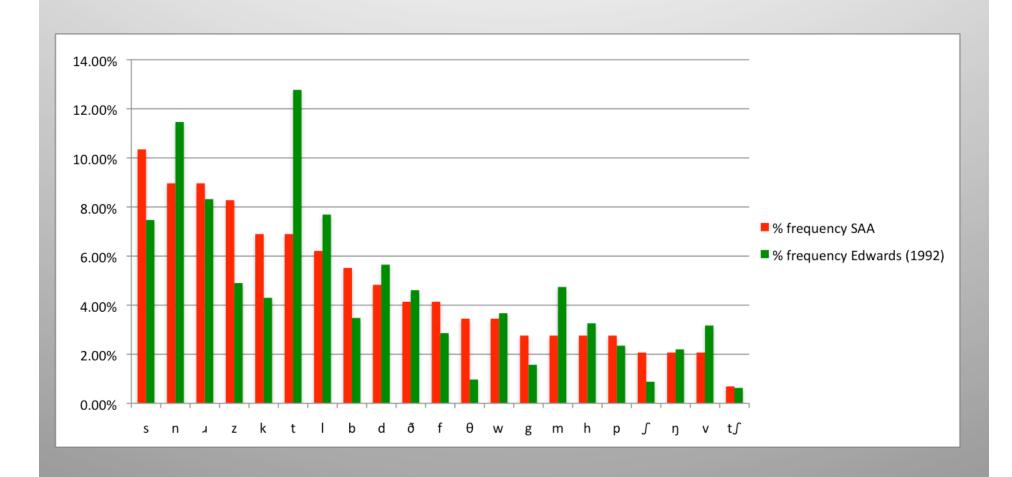
• 83,766 words and growing

Representative sounds

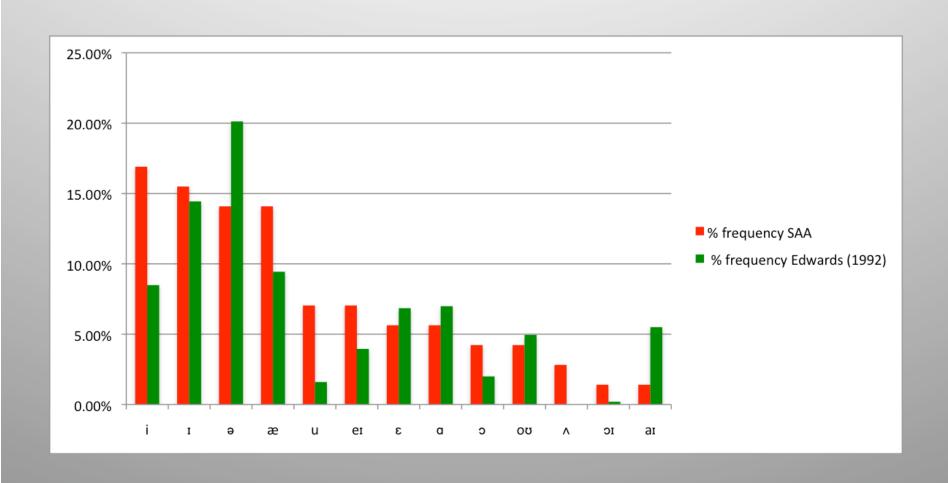
| single co | neonante | vo |
|-----------|--------------|----|
| initial | final | VO |
| k (3) | z (5) | i |
| t (3) | I (4) | α. |
| ð (6) | ŋ (1) | 3 |
| θ (3) | θ (1) | æ |
| w (5) | m (1) | I |
| s (2) | رة) د (5) | ۸ |
| f (3) | v (3) | ə |
| tʃ (1) | f (1) | u |
| n (1) | k (4) | 00 |
| b (3) | b (1) | aı |
| L (1) | d (2) | eı |
| ſ (2) | g (2) | 0 |
| d (1) | n (4) | IC |
| ı (1) | p (1) | |
| g (1) | t (2) | |
| m (2) | | |
| h (4) | | |

| vowels | cluste | rs |
|--------|---------|--------|
| | initial | final |
| (12) | pl (2) | sk (1) |
| a (4) | st (4) | ŋz (2) |
| E (4) | b. (2) | ks (1) |
| æ (10) | fu (3) | nz (2) |
| (11) | sp (1) | bz (1) |
| ۸ (2) | sn (3) | nd (3) |
| e (10) | sl (1) | dz (1) |
| ı (5) | bl (1) | gz (1) |
| ວບ (3) | sm(1) | |
| ar (1) | sk (1) | |
| er (5) | θμ (1) | |
| (3) | tı (1) | |
| or (1) | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Frequency of consonants



Frequency of Vowels



Phonetic transcription

- Narrow segmental IPA transcription
 - Produced by 3 trained transcribers
 - Spaces added for readability
 - Unicode
 - Vietnamese 7

[pəliz kha ş stılə æs hə tə pūn dıs fings wıt hə fun də stəl sıks spūns μ λf fles sno phis fai θik slaφs əf blu tʃis æn meibi ε snæx fəl hə blaðə ba wi alyso nid ə sma plæstik sineik æn ə big thəi flax fəl ðə khis ʃi kæ skup ðis θīnz intu θli led bæxs æn wi wıl gou mit hə wēnsdei æt ðə tʃlēn steʃən]

Annotated Audio

- Strict recording protocol
- Cd-quality (44.1 khz. 16-bit mono.)
- Reduced to: 22.050 khz., 16-bit mono.,
 IMA 4:1
- Quicktime movie soundtrack

Speaker Demographics

- Gender
- Place of birth
- Native language
- Other language(s)
- Age
- Age of onset
- English Residency
- Learning style

Phonetic inventories

Uniform inventories for 200 languages

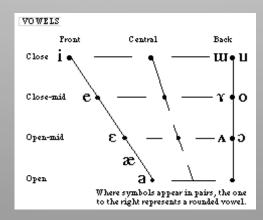
Vietnamese:

Consonants

| | Bilabial | Labiodental | Dental | Alveolar | Postalweo la r | Retroflex | Palatal | Vel | ar | Uvular | Pharyngeal | Glottal |
|------------------------|----------|-------------|--------|----------|----------------|-----------|---------|-----|-----------|--------|------------|---------|
| Plosive | | | | t | • | | С | k | \neg | | | ? |
| Nasal | m | | | n | | | ŋı | | ŋ | | | |
| Trill | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tap or Plap | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pricative | | f v | | s z | | | | Х | Y | | | h |
| Affricate | | | | | | | | | \exists | | | |
| Lateral fricative | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Approximant | | | | | | | j | | | | | |
| Lateral approximant | | | | l | | | | | \dashv | | | |

Where symbols appear in pairs, the one to the right represents a voiced consonant. Shaded areas denote articulations judged impossible.

Vowels



Theoretical Utility

- Accents are theoretically interesting
- Uniform database to test:
 - Phonological hypotheses
 - The representation of onset clusters in L₂
 - Factors responsible for accent variation
 - Native language
 - Onset age
 - Length of residence
 - Learning style

Applied Utility

- The archive as an assessment and diagnostic tool
- It reinforces the view that accents are systematic
- It serves to justify or challenge textbook predictions for learning problems

Archive PSPs compared to various predictions for Vietnamese production of /θ/

| Text | /0/ |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Avery and Ehrlich (1992) | [t ^h] |
| Baker and Goldstein (1990) | No prediction |
| Kenworthy (1988) | Language not listed |
| Nilsen and Nilsen (1973) | [f], [s], [t], [ʃ] |
| Swan and Smith (1991) | [th] |
| Speech Accent Archive (2009) | [t] |

Phonological Speech Patterns (PSPs)

| Consonants | Vowels | syllables |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| final devoicing | vowel shortening | consonant deletion |
| non-aspiration | vowel lengthening | vowel insertion |
| consonant voicing | vowel raising | consonant insertion |
| interdental fricative → t/d | vowel fronting | |
| interdental fricative → s/z | vowel backing | |
| interdental fricative → f/v | | |
| $w \rightarrow v$ | | |
| r → trill | | |
| r → uvular | | |
| r ← → I | | |
| liquid → flap | | |
| stop → fricative | | |
| dentalization | | |
| palatalization | | |
| nasal fronting | | |

Vietnamese 7 (PSPs)

| Consonants | Vowels | syllables |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| final devoicing | vowel shortening | consonant deletion |
| non-aspiration | vowel lengthening | vowel insertion |
| consonant voicing | vowel raising | consonant insertion |
| interdental fricative → t/d | vowel fronting | |
| interdental fricative → s/z | vowel backing | |
| interdental fricative → f/v | | |
| w 	o v | | |
| $r \rightarrow trill$ | | |
| r → uvular | | |
| $r \leftarrow \rightarrow 1$ | | |
| liquid → flap | | |
| stop → fricative | | |
| dentalization | | |
| palatalization | | |
| nasal fronting | | |

Tigrigna 3(PSPs)

| Consonants | Vowels | syllables |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| final devoicing | vowel shortening | consonant deletion |
| non-aspiration | vowel lengthening | vowel insertion |
| consonant voicing | vowel raising | consonant insertion |
| interdental fricative → t/d | vowel fronting | |
| interdental fricative → s/z | vowel backing | |
| interdental fricative → f/v | vowel lowering | |
| w 	o v | | |
| r → trill | | |
| r → uvular | | |
| $r \leftarrow \rightarrow 1$ | | |
| liquid → flap | | |
| stop → fricative | | |
| dentalization | | |
| palatalization | | |
| nasal fronting | | |

The problem with computationally comparing samples

[pobliczkikhasis strebeces shorteephingnotosi fangs Sond Any Department of the States of the Sta ENG PHON THE PROPERTY SHOW PHE HER: PASE PHU: thierbre meetigasnæki tæbba wrðarso ba:b wii al^yso niĩ:cə smal^x phlæstik nid ə sma plæstik sineik æn ə big sneik æna big that flag fa ða khidz sii that flax fa: ða khis si kæ skuphðis θinz kān skwuuphðii:z θiñz inta θiii ie:dh intu θii iedhbæxs æn wi wilh gou mit bægz æin wii wilh gou miit ha hơ wếnsdei æt đo thiên stelon] wênzdei æt đo thiên steilon]

PSP determination: Human versus STAT

| Human | STAT |
|--|---|
| Slow and labor intensive (30 minutes per sample) | Fast and computationally inexpensive (< 5 seconds per sample) |
| Inconsistent | Consistent and uniform |
| Arbitrary comparison | Selectable and controlled comparison |
| Static | Parameterized and adaptable |

Speech Transcription Analysis Tool (STAT)

Components:

- Unicode compliant
- Web-based frontend (Ruby)
- Alignment processing mechanism (Java)
- Transcription alignment search (XML DB)
- Demographic search (MySQL)
- Transcription Management (MySQL)

Alignment

Two-level Alignment

- Word level This provides a link between a target utterance and the speaker's attempt
- Phoneme level The phonemic level is where the analysis takes place. This mapping is accomplished by comparing feature vectors for each target and source phoneme mapping.

Alignment Example



language/ speakers vietnamese atlas/ regions language/ speakers

Biographical Data

birth place: hue, vietnam
(map)
native language:
vietnamese (vie)
other language(s):
...tswana...
age, sex: 29, female
age of english onset: 18.0
english learning method:
naturalistic
english residence:
length of english
residence: 10.0 years

Phonological Speech Patterns Count

stop to fricative 3
final obstruent devoicing 11 \int to s 1
stop to fricative final obstruent devoicing 1 θ to stop 2

Target Source english 1 vietnamese 7 Rul

p^hli:z pəliz khal^y k^ha S stelə strlə æskæ æs hə tə $_{\rm c1}$ bãŋ pãn final obstruent devoicing ði:z dıs θ to stop final obstruent devoicing θĭŋz fin gs wi03 θ to stop wit

Alignment Search

Alignments are constructed automatically but are later verified by a linguist. These alignments are stored in an XML database which allows for searching of word and phoneme mappings.

The search capabilities also allows for corpus counts of alignments. (e.g. how frequently word-final devoicing for Vietnamese speakers of English)

Search Example

| GENERALIZATION | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| DATA | | |
| | | |
| Vowel Generalization | : | |
| ✓ [NONE SELECTED] | [NONE SELECTED] | [NONE SELECTED] 💠 |
| V backing | O And | O And |
| V fronting V lengthening | O Or | O Or |
| V lowering | O Not | O Not |
| V raising | 0 1100 | 0 1.00 |
| V shortening Consonant | | |
| Generalization: | | |
| Generatization. | | |
| [NONE SELECTED] | (NONE SELECTED) | [NONE SELECTED] 💠 |
| | And | O And |
| | O Or | Or |
| | ○ Not | ○ Not |
| Syllable | | |
| Generalization: | | |
| [NONE SELECTED] | (NONE SELECTED) | [NONE SELECTED] 💠 |
| | And | O And |
| | O Or | O Or |
| | Not | ○ Not |
| | | 0 |
| | | |

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