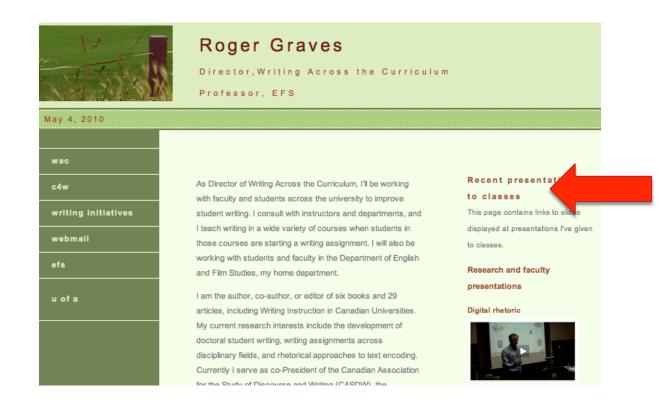
WRITING TO PERSUADE

A worked example for Pharmacy 387: Pediatrics & Geriatrics

Roger Graves
Director, Writing Across the Curriculum

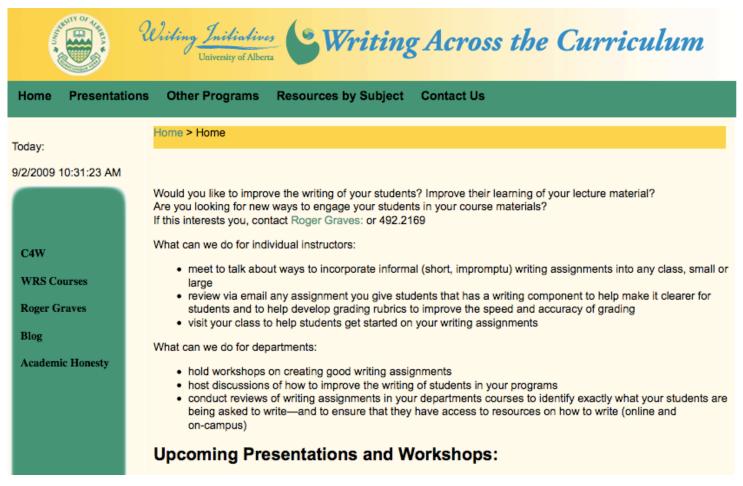
Roger Graves





http://www.ualberta.ca/~graves1/index.html

Writing Across the Curriculum



http://www.humanities.ualberta.ca/WAC/

Centre for Writers



http://www.c4w.arts.ualberta.ca/

The assignments

The deliverables:

Part 1: Topic proposal

Part 2: Annotated bibliography

Part 3: Evidence-based position paper

 Note: Assignment are linked: the proposal leads to the annotated bibliography which is the research you will report in the paper

The writing process

Getting started

- Explore the assignment
- Make rough notes
- Pick a tentative topic

Getting feedback

- Make an appointment at the writing centre for later in the week
- Get feedback on your draft/revise

Revising

- Work on style and lower order concerns
- Proofread, consult checklist for assignment

Sample Topic for 387

- Ella, an emergency contraceptive that can be taken up to 5 days after unprotected sex
- Slate Magazine: "Is ella birth control or abortion?"
- LifeNews: "Pharmacy group pans FDA decision to approve ella abortion drug"
- New York Times: "FDA approves 5-day emergency contraceptive"

Thesis statements

- ◆ Specific
- ◆ Manageable
- Interesting

A sample thesis statement

According to new approaches in pain management, nurses must obtain three kinds of knowledge if they are to respond effectively to a patient's pain: knowledge of self, knowledge of pain, and knowledge of standards of care.

Specific Manageable Interesting

[original/passive voice] New approaches to pain management stress three kinds of knowledge for nurses to obtain if they are to respond effectively to a patient's pain: knowledge of self, knowledge of pain, and knowledge of standards of care.¹

www.mbon.org/practice/pain_management.pdf

• While contraceptive drugs can be viewed from religious, political, and scientific viewpoints, I believe that safety and efficacy of the drug should determine whether or not pharmacists should distribute them. The new contraceptive pill, ella, highlights why efficacy and safety are the most important criteria for distribution.

Specific Manageable Interesting

Other possible thesis statements

The proposal

- ◆ What is the health care issue? The issue is whether or not pharmacists should distribute ella, a new contraceptive that works up to 5 days after unprotected sex. This drug is more effective than Plan B and can be taken later. Although ella is a chemical relative of RU-486, it has little effect on women who are already pregnant. Anti-abortion groups argue that it works by reducing the lining of the uterus and thus aborts the new fetus.
- What is your position? While contraceptive drugs can be viewed from religious, political, and scientific viewpoints, I believe that safety and efficacy of the drug should determine whether or not pharmacists should distribute them. The new contraceptive pill, ella, highlights why efficacy and safety are the most important criteria for distribution.
- 125 words so far

Outline

◆ Title:

Argument structure

Claim: efficacy and safety are the most important criteria for distribution

Stated reason: because other bases for deciding — such as religious faith—do not consider the health of the patient as the primary value

Grounds/evidence: anti-abortion groups warn that "men might slip ella to unsuspecting women," a clear instance of fear-mongering rather than considering patient health

Argument structure

Unstated assumptions

 Health promotion should trump religious-based ideas in public policy

Evidence supporting unstated assumption:

 Religious organizations are buying hospitals in major American cities and then refusing to allow abortion procedures in them. Public health policy is circumvented through this tactic.

Part 2: Annotated bibliography

- ◆ Sample: Brief Penguin Handbook, pg. 208-210
- ◆ Title
- Introduction (edited from proposal)
- Citation/annotation 1
- Citation/annotation 2
- Citation/annotation 3
- Citation/annotation 4
- ♦ Note: Audience is non-medical reader

Analytical/critical annotations

An objective evaluation of a work's contents, quality, and limitations. Length is typically between 100-200 words.

- Gives full bibliographic information for the work.
- Gives the authority and the point of view of the author.
- Evaluates the contents, scope, and quality.
- Points out the merits and deficiencies.

Annotations

- ◆ Summarizes the article (2-3 sentences; 45-60 words)
- Evaluates ("discuss the value")

Citations

Use ICMJE style

Phillips, C. D., Spry, K. M., Sloane, P. D., & Hawes, C. Use of physical restraints and psychotropic medications in Alzheimer special care units in nursing homes. American Journal of Public Health 2000;90: 92-6.

Sample summary

◆ The authors question whether or not Alzheimer's patients are less likely to be restrained or medicated as a result of residing in Special Care Units (SCU) in nursing homes. They found, however, that these patients were no less likely to be restrained and, in fact, they were more likely to receive psychotropic medication. (53 words)

Hints for summarizing

- Previous summary took 5 pages of article and turned it into 2 sentences
- ◆ Look in the article's Introduction for the question they are asking (in this case, paragraph 2)
- Look in the Results for the findings (in this case, the last paragraph of the Results)

Sample Evaluation

◆ This study looked at a large amount of data (1100 residents in 48 SCUs) from a small geographical area—only four U.S. states. The extent to which the findings of this study apply to Alberta are unclear, particularly since these standards vary considerably from state to state. Nevertheless, the authors speculate that SCUs led something of a revolution in Alzheimer's patient care—these units demonstrated that the use of physical restraints could be avoided, and that may account for the similarity in use in both SCUs and regular units. (89 words)

Part 3: The paper

- About 2 pages long
- Consider using the introductory paragraph from the annotated bibliography as the intro
- Use the summaries of research from the annotated bibliography in the body of your paper
- Include a summary of other, alternate positions on the topic and an explanation of why you did not adopt them

Drafting/Revising

- ◆ Get a "trusted reader" to get feedback
- Consider using other students in the course, the Centre for Writers, or the WAC TA for this
- Ask readers to read for specific purposes: thesis, structure, transitions, development of a particular paragraph or idea

Don't hand in a first draft

Towards the due date, switch your focus from

higher-order concerns (arrangement, arguments, evidence) to

lower-order concerns: proofreading, grammar, citation format, grammar/spelling

Good luck

- Get help from the WAC TA
- Use print resources like books—copies of the Brief
 Penguin Handbook are in the Centre for Writers
- Revise