Department of Philosophy

PHIL 220: SYMBOLIC LOGIC 2 — Katalin Bimbo

[Course description — Fall term (2024)]

2-valued first-order logic (FOL, for short) has been thoroughly investigated in the last 150 years or so, and it is a very well-understood logic. FOL gains its importance from its wide applicability and from its place in the landscape of logical calculi and formal languages, and in turn, from the importance of logic in philosophy, mathematics, informatics and computing.

Some elements of 2-valued logic are studied in Phil 120, which is a <u>prerequisite</u> for this course. (The prerequisite can be waived upon request in certain cases.) This course is a *quicker* but *more detailed* and *more rigorous* study of some of the same topics that were touched upon in Phil 120, together with *new and more complex questions* and methods from FOL and beyond. For example, in this course, we will look at some first-order theories, which are concrete *applications of FOL* often discussed and referenced in the philosophy of mathematics and in mathematics itself, as well as in analytic philosophy.

The course intends to *develop* and *advance* your understanding of FoL through a study of its building blocks and how they fit together. Some of these components are the truth-functional connectives, the quantifiers, the identity predicate, as well as *proof systems* and *models*. The course will enhance your ability to comprehend and formalize some subtle natural language sentences. Toward the end of the term, you will have a chance to learn about *resolution*, which is a proof system for FoL that is widely used in computerized provers, and to take a glimpse at induction and set theory.

We will use a textbook that was written by world-class logicians who aimed at providing an excellent text and superior tools for learning logic. The textbook is accompanied by a software package that contains Boole, Fitch and Tarski's world. (A fourth program called Submit allows you to get rapid, practically instantaneous feedback on your solutions to most of the exercises.)

- I. Boole makes it easier and speedier the construction of truth tables.
- 2. Fitch implements a so-called Fitch-style natural deduction calculus. Using this program, you can prove FOL theorems and check your proof at each step.
- 3. Tarski's world allows you to construct a small *model* comprising Platonic solids and then to evaluate sentences. You can vary the model and the sentences, and you can play games with *Tarski's world* to clarify and visualize the truth condition of a sentence in a concrete model.

The programs provide a lot of opportunity for *learning*, *experimentation* and *exploration*. (No programming experience is required for success in this course.)

Time: M, W, F 14:00 pm-14:50 pm

Textbook: Barker-Plummer, D., Barwise, J. and J. Etchemendy, *Language, Proof and Logic*, 2nd ed., CSLI Publications, Stanford, CA, 2011. (required, with a fresh access code)

For further information, please contact the instructor at <bimbo@ualberta.ca>. The (official) course outline will be available in the e-classroom during the course.