## Electronic media vs. traditional media

## **1st session**

	Electronic Media (Powerpoint or other)	Traditional media (handwriting of material)
Pros	<ul> <li>Legibility - some Profs have poor handwriting</li> <li>Liberating for instructor - can face students etc</li> <li>Control of errors in transcription</li> <li>Issues of stereochemistry can be reinforced</li> <li>Special visual effects - movies/animations</li> <li>No deterioration of slides over time</li> <li>Portable</li> <li>Some material is not useful for students to write out</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Controls pace</li> <li>Controls amount of material</li> <li>Forces students to write structures</li> <li>Continuity and showing big picture - multiple frames - larger presentation space.</li> <li>Spontaneity: immediately address students questions</li> </ul>
Cons	<ul> <li>Controlling the pace (and amount of material)</li> <li>Additional effort to make slides (but 1x investment)</li> <li>Students may develop a reluctance to draw structures</li> <li>Lack of spontaneity (e.g. modification of structures)</li> <li>Powerpoint = "linear sequence"</li> <li>Technological problems</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of 3D/animations</li> <li>Too slow to cover all material</li> <li>Making students into stenographers.</li> <li>Back turned to students</li> <li>Quality of whiteboards</li> <li>Might make drawing structures look too easy</li> </ul>



## "other" substituent effects



**Conclusion:** 

## Synthesis of disubstituted benzenes

Look at the directing effects of the substituents and use that to decide the order in which the reactions need to be carried out.





	'Hybrid' approaches	
Pros	<ul> <li>best of both worlds</li> <li>Capture annotations at you optimise the you optimise the writing angle</li> </ul>	
Cons	<ul> <li>worst of both worlds?</li> <li>cost</li> <li>are current classrooms compatible? <ul> <li>Lighting.</li> <li>screen covers blackboard</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	