

PHYSQ 208, Aide-mémoire, examen final du lundi 19 décembre 2022

Retournez l'aide-mémoire avec votre examen. Vous pouvez compléter le recto et le verso. Vous perdrez 10/40 si vous y avez inclus des solutions ou si vous ne retournez pas l'aide-mémoire avec votre examen. Libre à vous d'ajouter les valeurs de diverses constantes.

$$\beta = \frac{v}{c} \quad E = \gamma mc^2 = \frac{mc^2}{\sqrt{1-v^2/c^2}} = K + mc^2 \quad E^2 = p^2 c^2 + m^2 c^4$$

$$qE = mg \quad K_{max} = eV_0 = hf - \phi \quad f_{cut} = \frac{\phi}{h} \quad hf_{\max} = \frac{hc}{\lambda_{min}} = eV_0$$

$$hf = E_f - E_i \quad hf_{max} = \frac{hc}{\lambda_{min}} = eV_0 \quad \Delta\lambda = \lambda' - \lambda = \frac{h}{mc}(1 - \cos\theta) \quad E = hf \quad p = \frac{h}{\lambda}$$

$$v_n = \sqrt{\frac{Zke^2}{mr_n}} \quad L_n = mvr = n\hbar \quad E_n = -\frac{Zke^2}{2r_n} = -\frac{Z^2}{n^2}E_R = -\frac{13.6Z^2}{n^2} \quad r_n = \frac{n^2}{Z} \overbrace{\frac{\hbar^2}{ke^2m}}^{a_B}$$

$$hf = E_n - E_{n'} = Z^2 \underbrace{\frac{m(ke^2)^2}{2\hbar^2}}_{E_R} \left(\frac{1}{n'^2} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right) \quad \frac{1}{\lambda_{n'n}} = Z^2 R \left(\frac{1}{n'^2} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right) \quad R = 1.096776 \times 10^{-2} \text{ nm}^{-1}$$

$$Z \rightarrow Z - \delta \quad \omega = 2\pi f = \frac{2\pi}{T} \quad k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad v = \lambda f = \frac{\omega}{k} \quad \Delta p \Delta x \geq \frac{\hbar}{2} \quad \Delta E \Delta t \geq \frac{\hbar}{2}$$

$$E = \hbar\omega \quad p = \hbar k \quad -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2\psi(x)}{dx^2} + V(x)\psi(x) = E\psi(x) \quad P(x) = |\psi(x)|^2 = \psi^*(x)\psi(x)$$

$$ka = n\pi \quad \psi_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{a} \quad p_n = \frac{n\pi\hbar}{a} \quad E_n = n^2 \frac{\hbar^2\pi^2}{2ma^2} = \frac{n^2(hc)^2}{8mc^2a^2}$$

$$E_{n_x, n_y} = \frac{\hbar^2\pi^2}{2m} \left(\frac{n_x^2}{a^2} + \frac{n_y^2}{b^2} \right) \quad E_{n_x, n_y, n_z} = \frac{\hbar^2\pi^2}{2m} \left(\frac{n_x^2}{a^2} + \frac{n_y^2}{b^2} + \frac{n_z^2}{c^2} \right) \quad E_n = \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar\omega, \omega^2 = k/m$$

$$E_n = -\frac{E_0}{n^2}, \quad n = 1, 2, \dots \quad L = \sqrt{\ell(\ell+1)}\hbar, \quad \ell = 0, 1, \dots, n-1 \quad L_z = m_\ell\hbar, \quad m_\ell = -\ell, -\ell+1, \dots, \ell-1, \ell$$

$$N = N_0 \exp(-\lambda t) \quad \lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{T_{1/2}} \quad \text{Act} = \left| \frac{dN}{dt} \right| \quad Q = M_x c^2 + M_X c^2 - (M_y c^2 + M_Y c^2) = K_y + K_Y - K_x$$