

# Fire history from lacustrine charcoal analyses : charcoal area or charcoal count?

Presented by Cécile Remy (PhD)  
to Wildland Fire Canada 2014, October 7, Halifax

Other authors: Benjamin Andrieux, Christelle Hély, Yves Bergeron,  
Martin P. Girardin, Pierre Grondin, Martin Lavoie, Adam A. Ali.

## Climate

**Global  
Warming**



*Photo: Cécile Remy*

## Fires



*Adapted from Canadian Forest Service*

## Vegetation



## Climate

**Global  
Warming**

Understanding these  
interactions in the past  
=  
paleoecology



*Photo: Cécile Remy*

## Fires



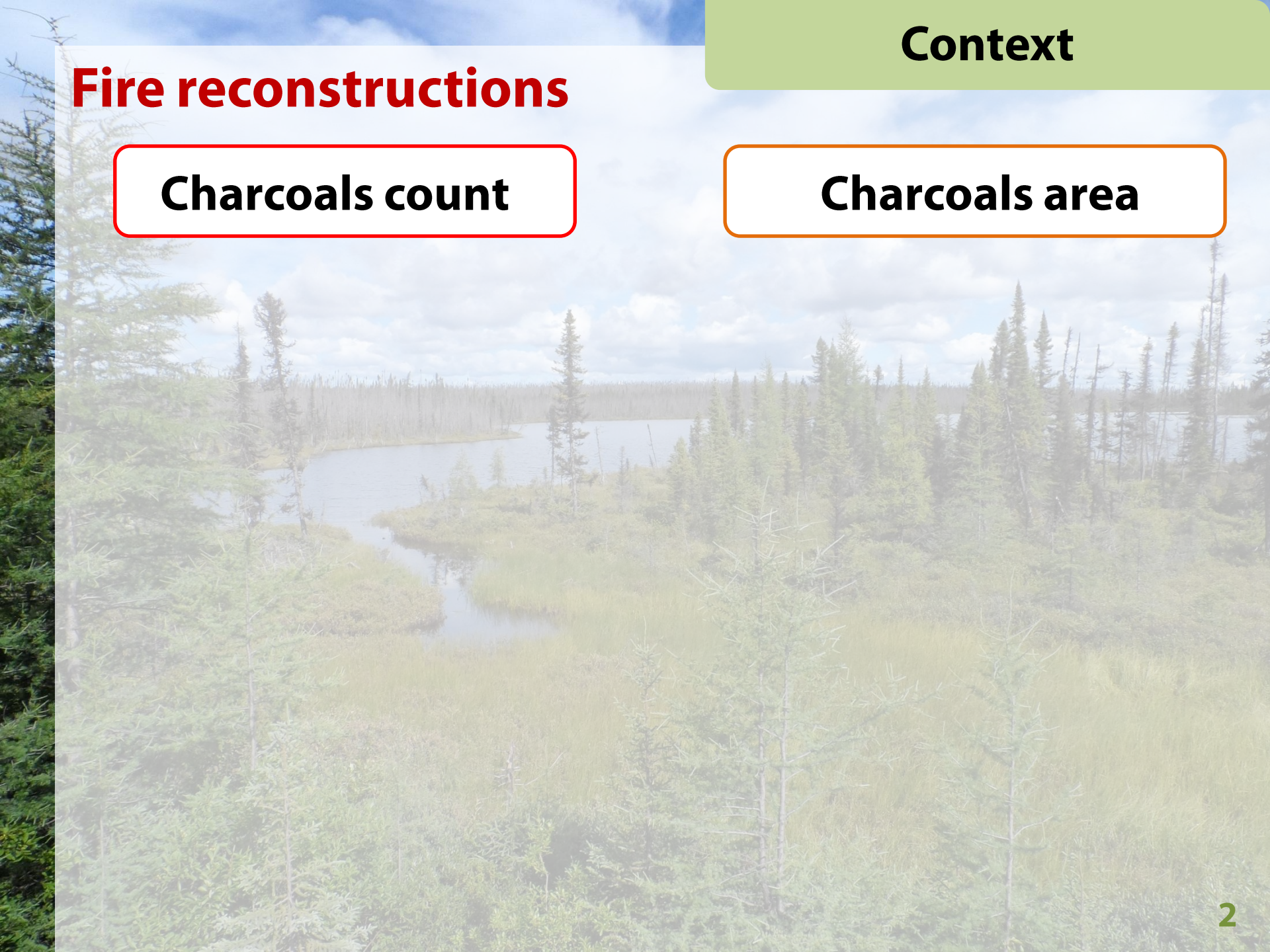
*Adapted from Canadian Forest Service*

## Vegetation

**Fire reconstructions**

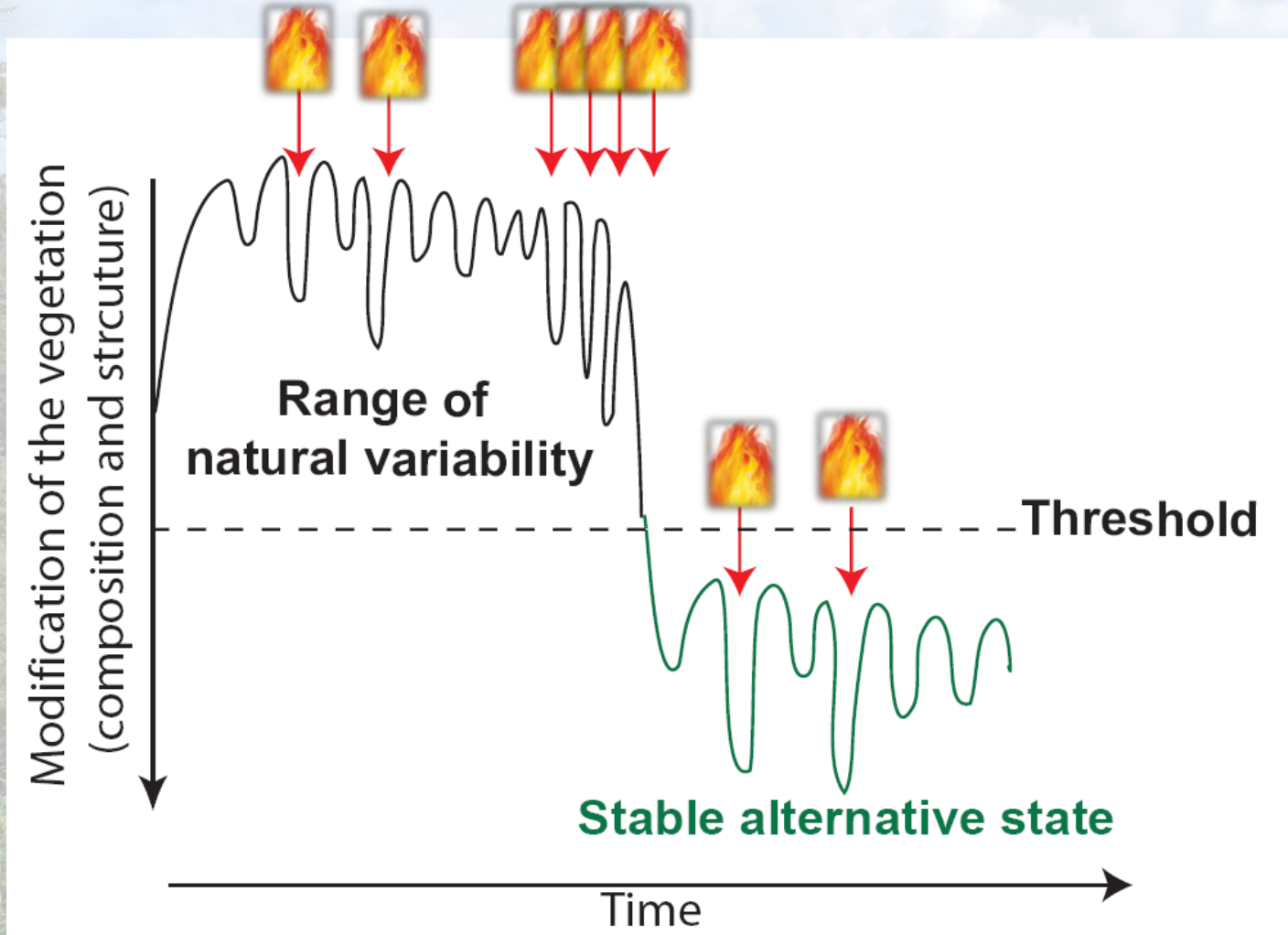
**Charcoals count**

**Charcoals area**



# Fire reconstructions

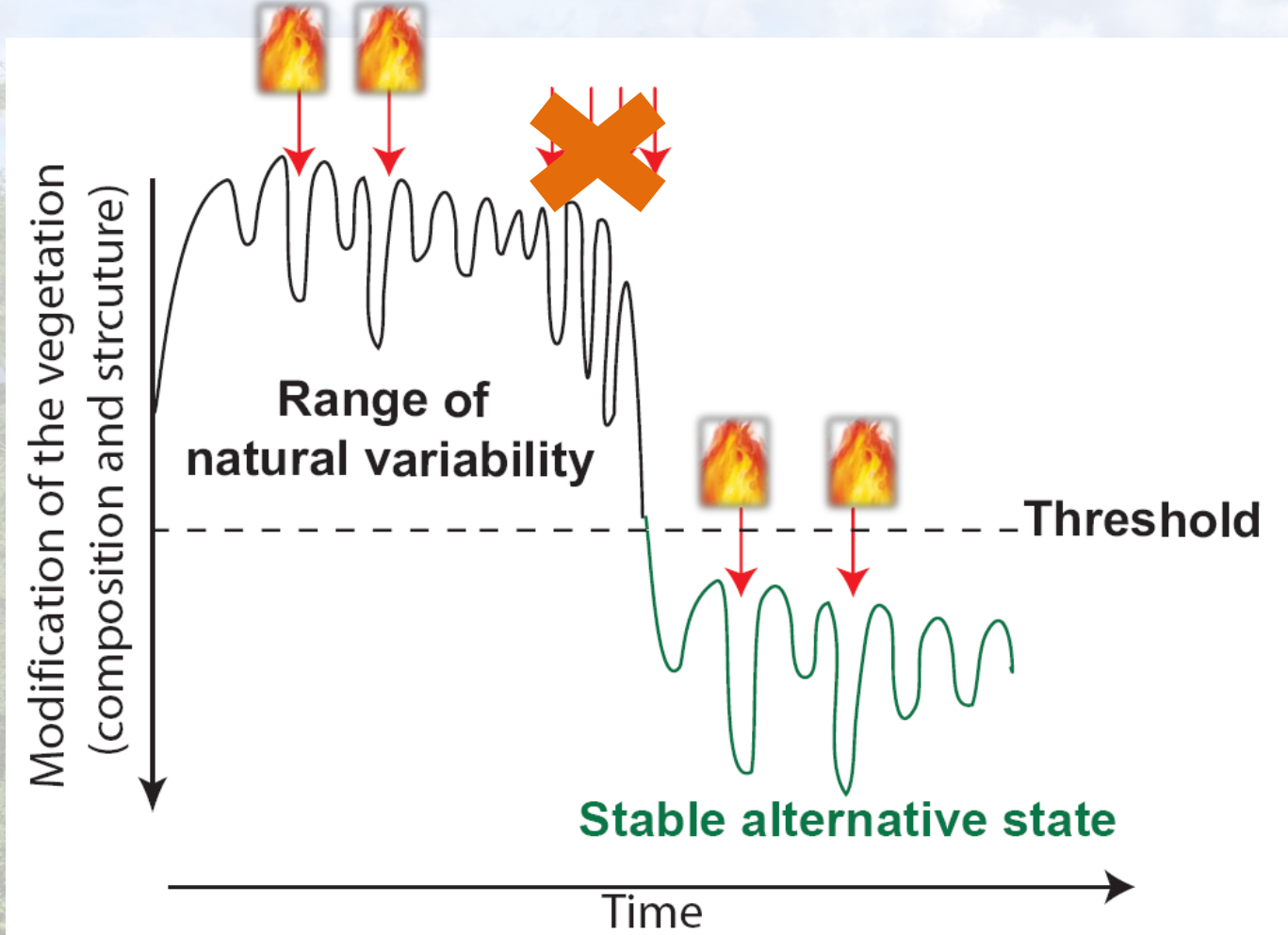
## Charcoals count



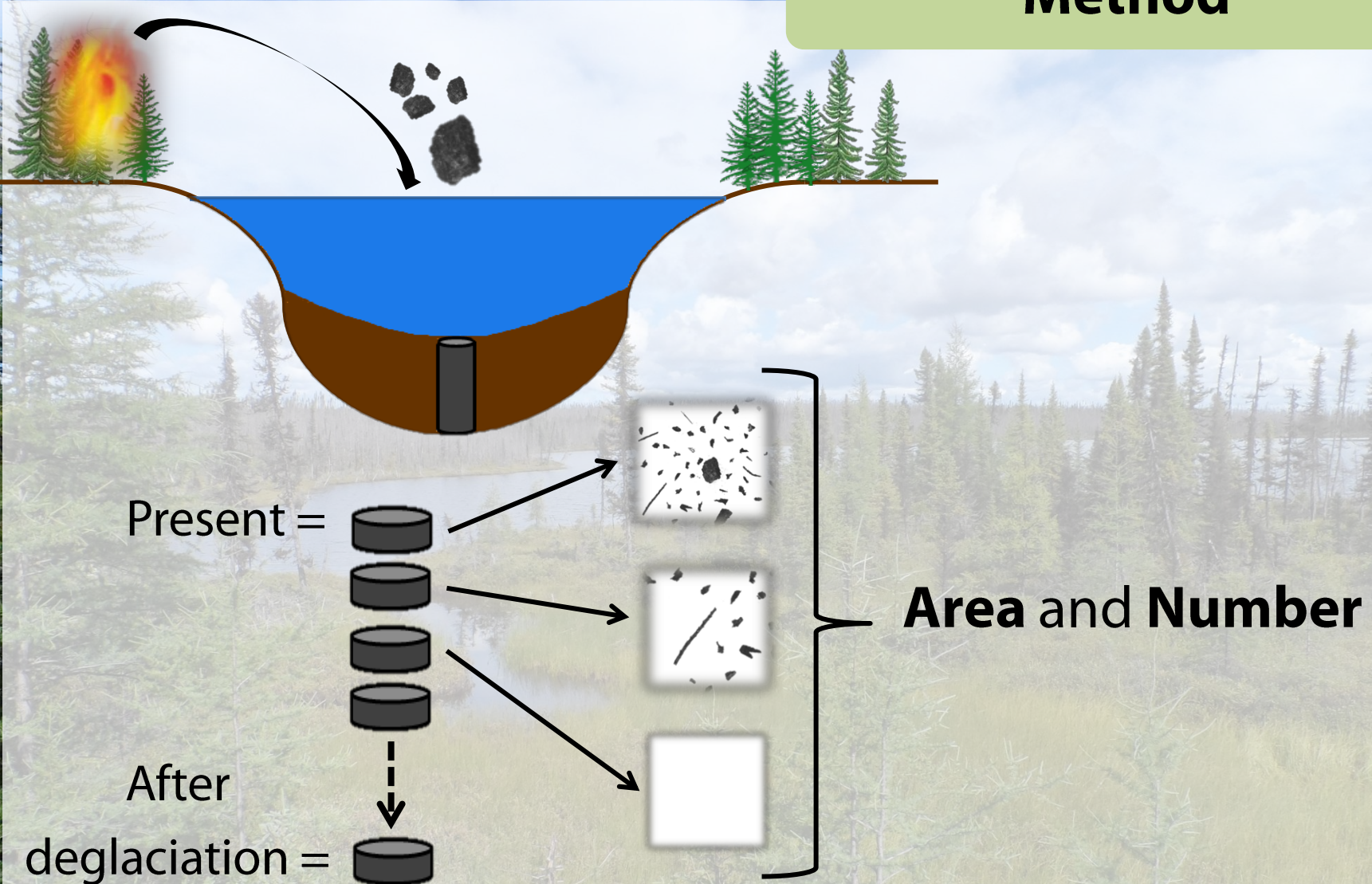
# Fire reconstructions

Charcoals count

Charcoals area

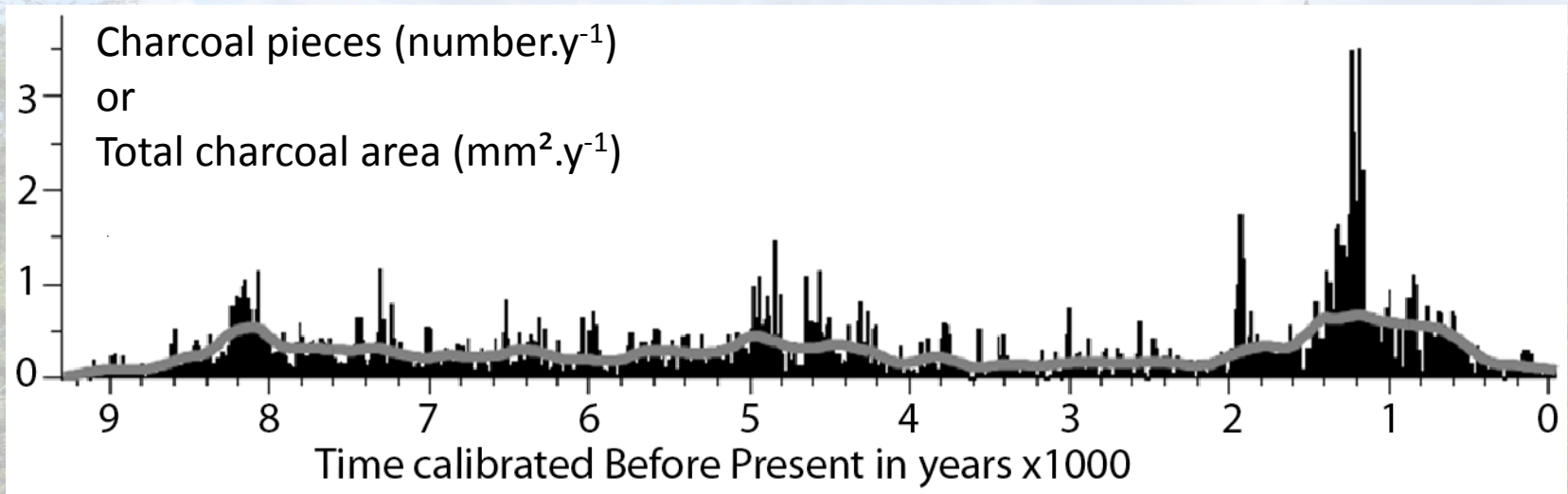


# Method



(Clark J.S. 1988 in Quaternary Research)

## Selecting local fires events (charcoal peaks)



(Clark J.S. 1988 in *Quaternary Research*,  
Carcaillet C. et al. 2001 in *The Holocene*,  
Higuera P.E. et al. 2007 in *Quaternary Science Reviews*)

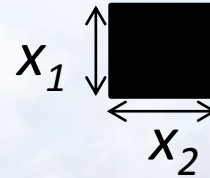


# Peaks of total charcoal area

## Area



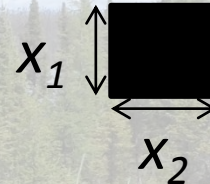
=



1 fire event



=



1 fire event

• 1 charcoal  $\neq$  1 fire event

# Peaks of charcoal number

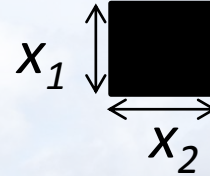
**Number**

**Area**

1 fire event



=

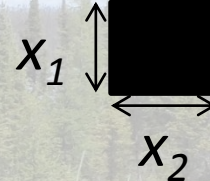


1 fire event

0 fire event



=



1 fire event

- **Fragmentation**
- **Regional contribution**

• **1 charcoal  $\neq$  1 fire event**

(Oris F. et al. in press in *Geophysical Research Letters*,  
Asselin H. and Payette S. 2005 in *Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology*,  
Patterson III W. A. et al. 1987 in *Quaternary Science Reviews*,  
Lynch J. A. et al. 2004 in *Can. J. For. Res.*)

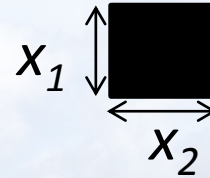
# Area versus Number

## Number

1 fire event



=

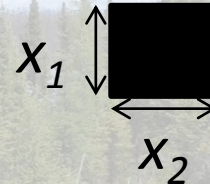


1 fire event

0 fire event



=



1 fire event

- **Fragmentation**
- **Regional contribution**

- **1 charcoal  $\neq$  1 fire event**
- 

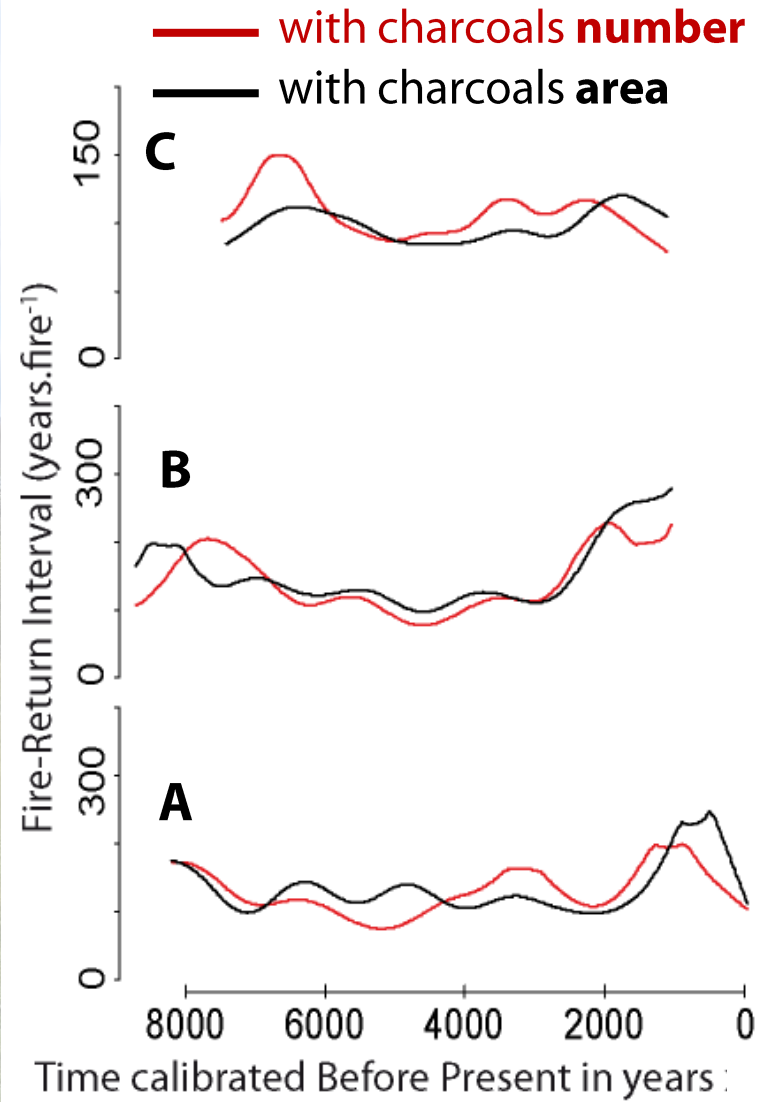
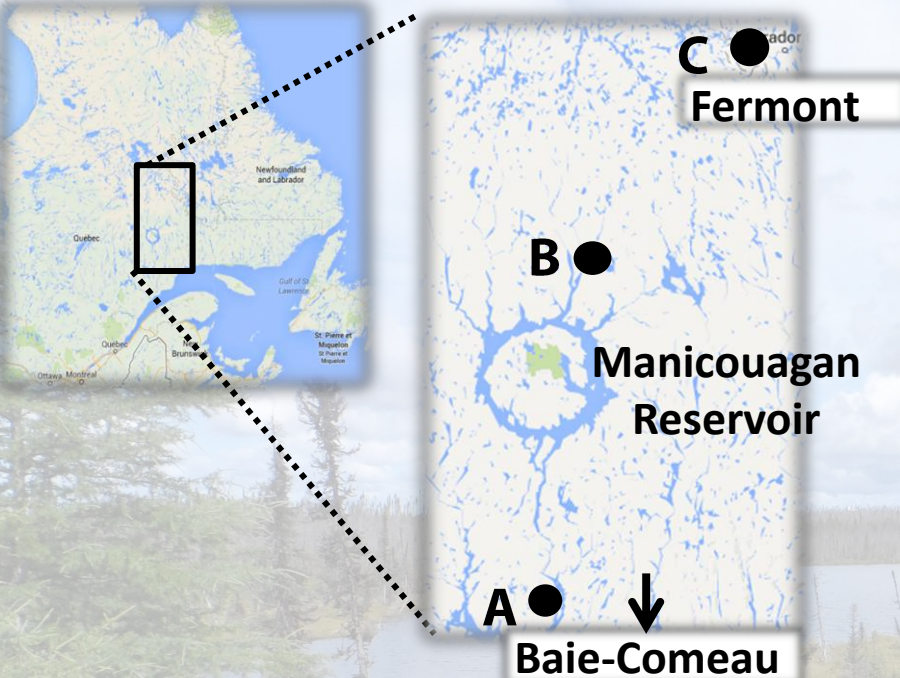
Should we use:  
Area or Number?

# Area versus Number

“Comparisons between records using these charcoal quantification methods can be done without misleading interpretations related to methodology.”

*(Ali A.A. et al. 2009 in Quaternary Research)*

# Fire reconstructions



“Comparisons between records using these charcoal quantification methods can be done without misleading interpretations related to methodology.”

(Ali A.A. et al. 2009 in Quaternary Research)

(Higuera P.E. et al. 2007 in Quaternary Science Reviews)

## **With charcoal number:**

*Gavin D.G. et al. 2006 in Ecology, Higuera P.E. et al. 2011 in Int. J. Wildland Fire*

**Method to select independent fire events**  
(charcoal peaks not included in another one)

## ***Two possibilities of fire history reconstructions:***

### **With charcoal number:**

*Gavin D.G. et al. 2006 in Ecology, Higuera P.E. et al. 2011 in Int. J. Wildland Fire*

**Method to select independent fire events**  
(charcoal peaks not included in another one)

### **With charcoal area:**

*Finsinger W. et al. 2014 in The Holocene*

**Method to select fire events statistically the most robust**  
(charcoal peaks with total area significantly greater  
than expected by chance)

## ***Two possibilities of fire history reconstructions:***

### **With charcoal number:**

*Gavin D.G. et al. 2006 in Ecology, Higuera P.E. et al. 2011 in Int. J. Wildland Fire*

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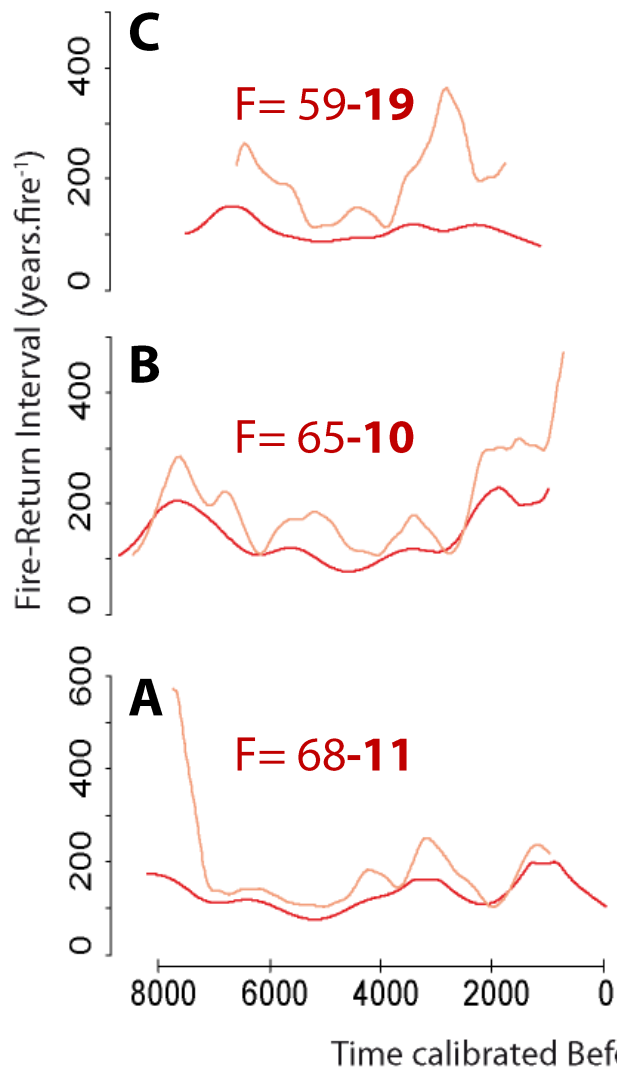
**Should we use: Area or Number?**



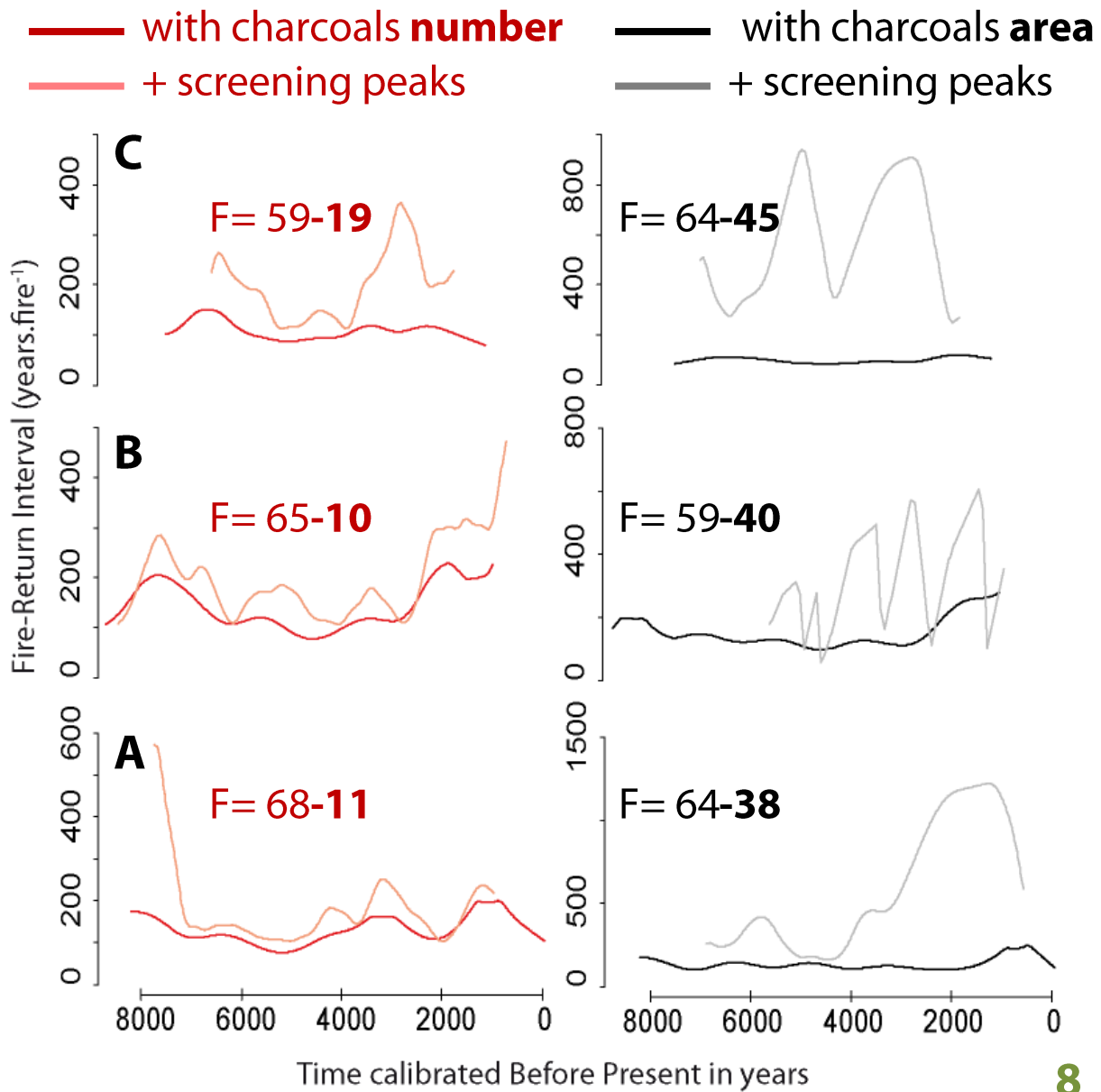
# Screening peaks



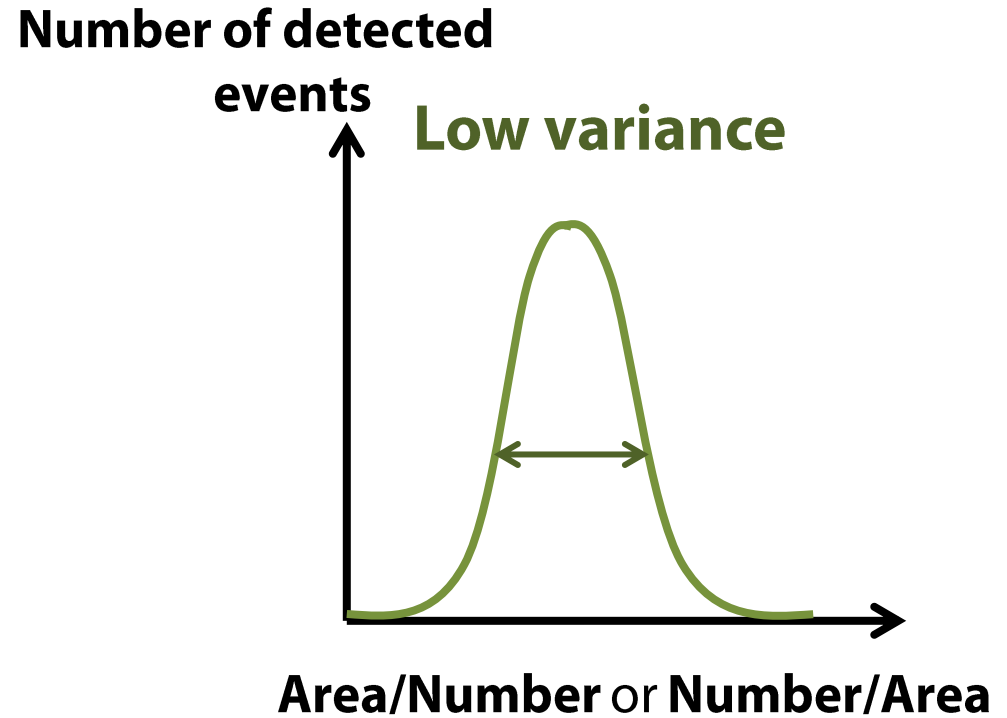
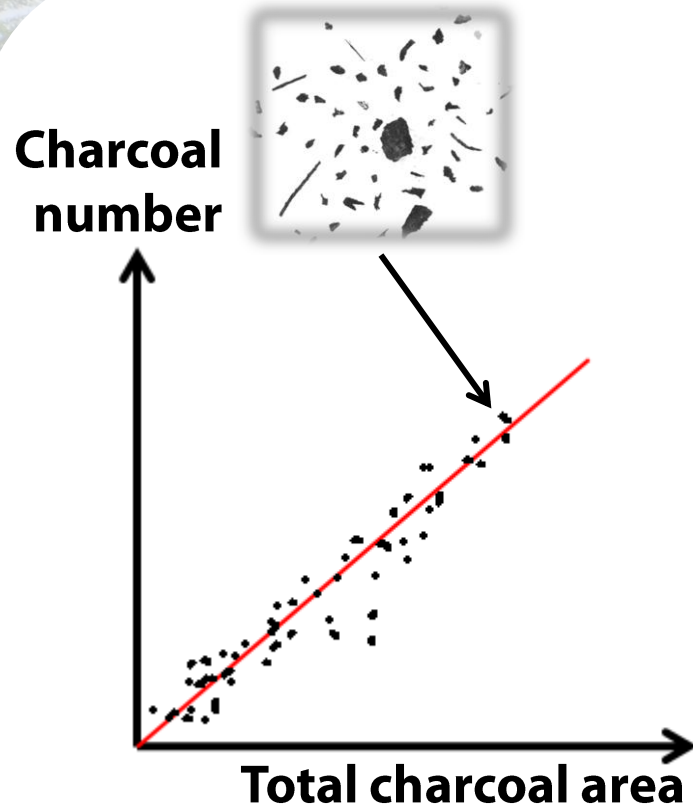
— with charcoals **number**  
— + screening peak



# Screening peaks

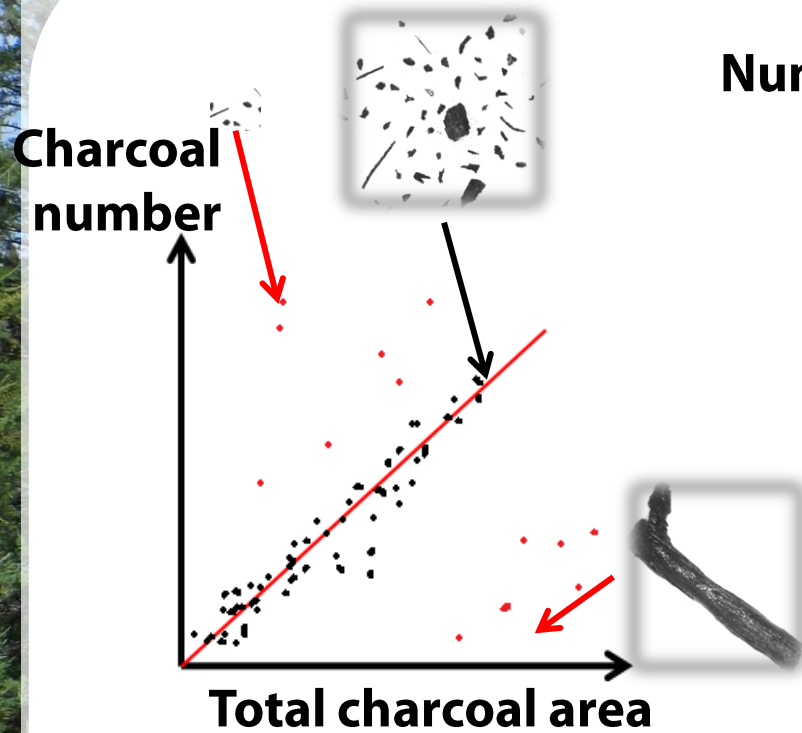


# Charcoals assemblages in peaks

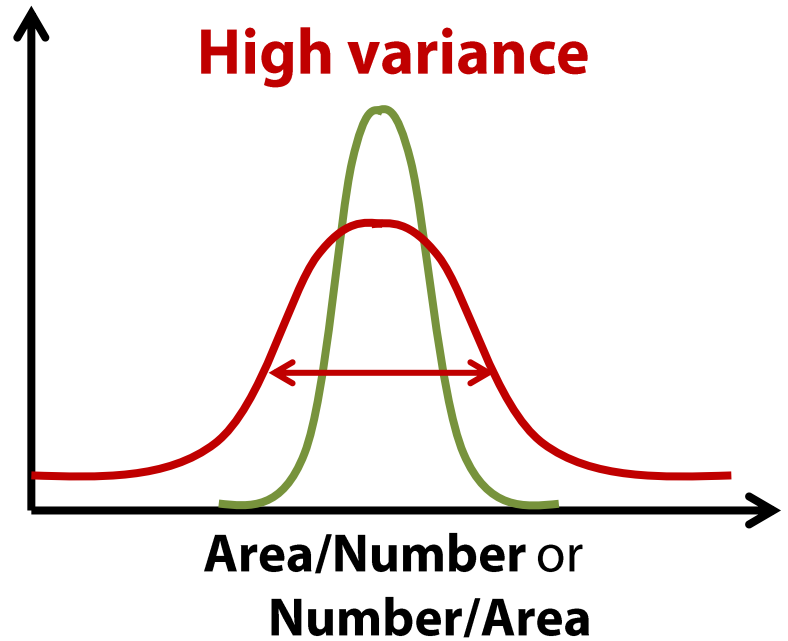


(Oris F. et al. in press in *Geophysical Research Letters*,  
Asselin H. and Payette S. 2005 in *Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology*,  
Patterson III W. A. et al. 1987 in *Quaternary Science Reviews*,  
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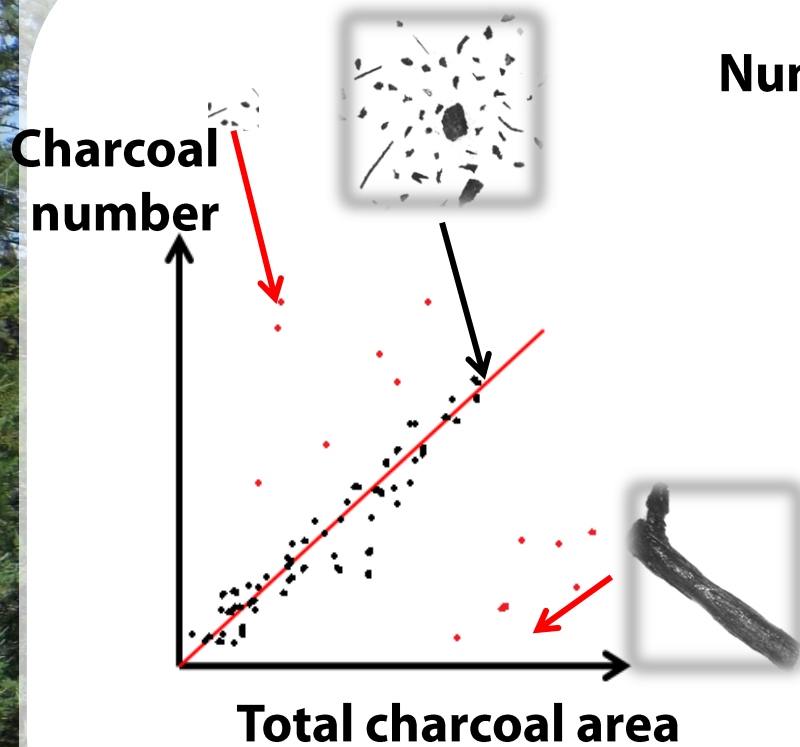
# Charcoals assemblages in peaks



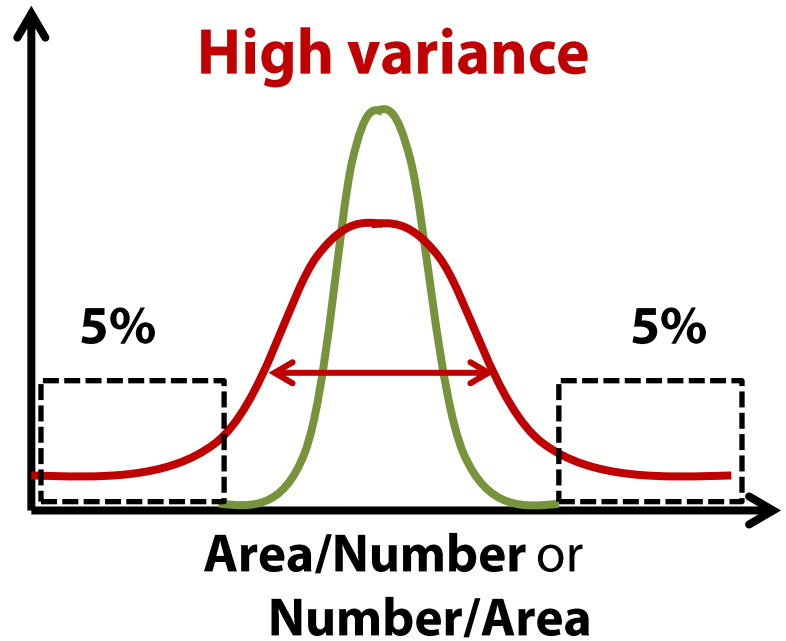
Number of detected events



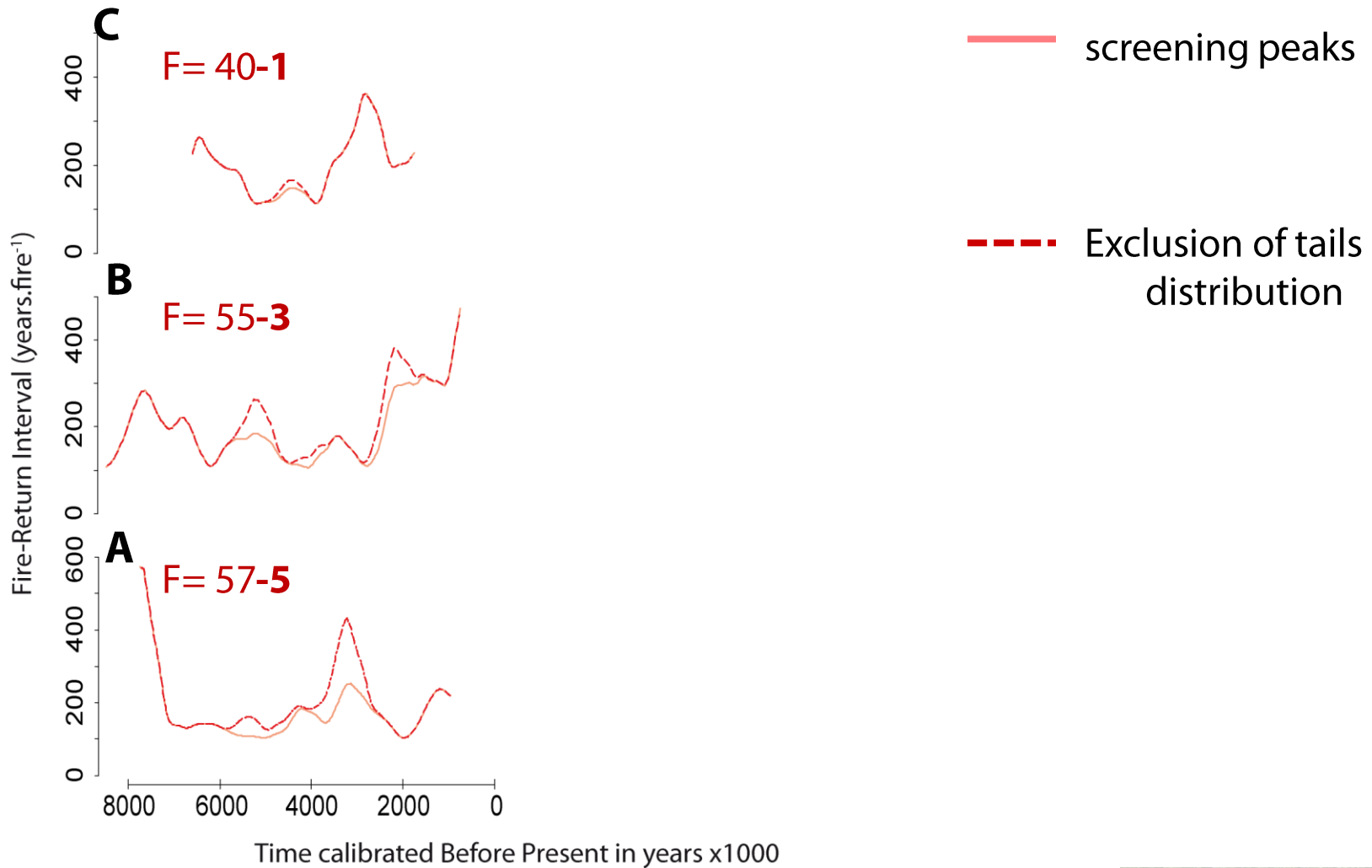
# Charcoals assemblages in peaks



Number of detected events

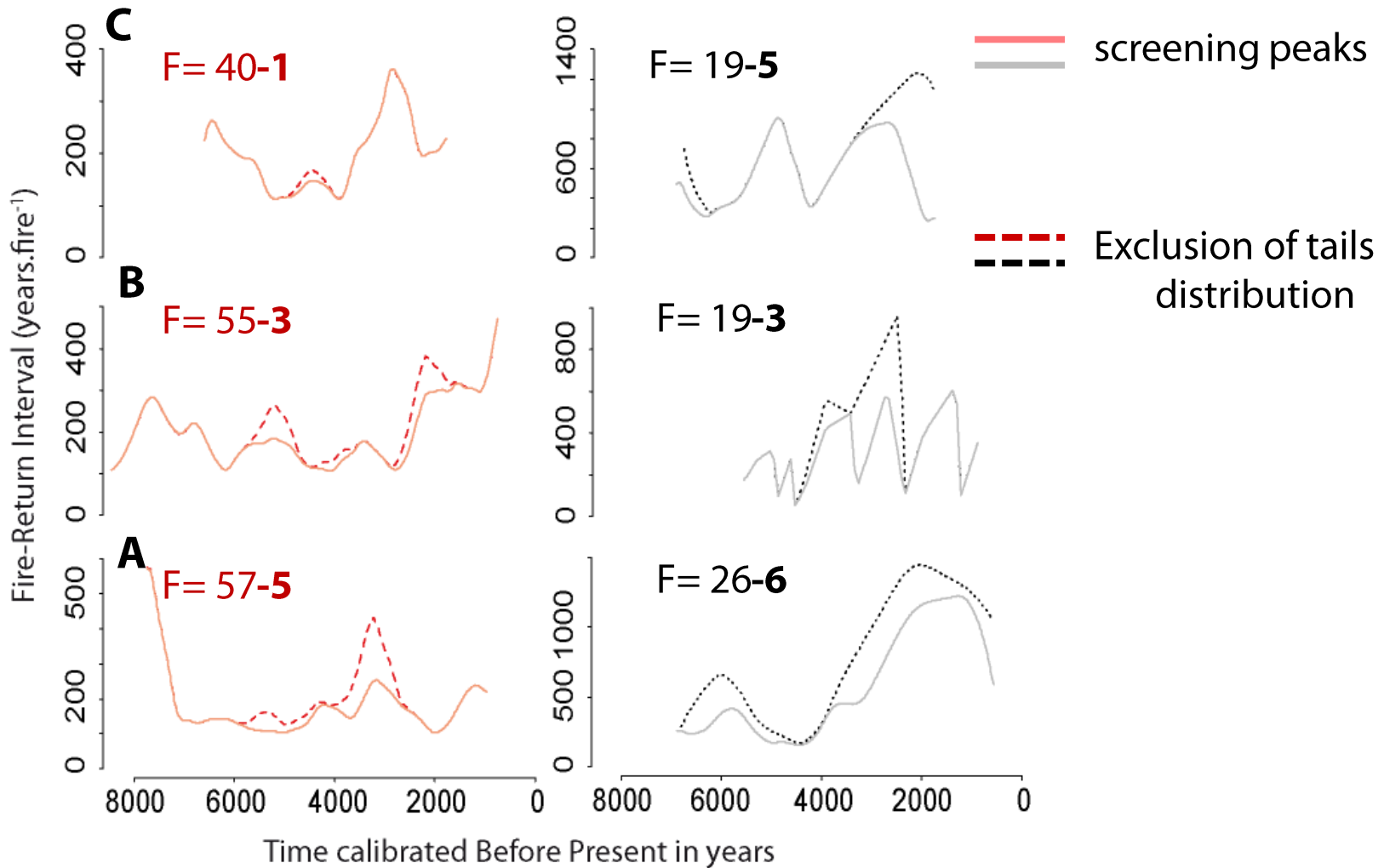


with charcoals  
number



with charcoals  
number

with charcoals  
area



# Conclusion

**Step 1:** detected peaks of charcoal number or total charcoal area



**Step 2:** Screened peaks  
on charcoal number  
analyses

~~on total charcoal area  
analyses~~



**Step 3:** Refining by deletion of tails of distribution

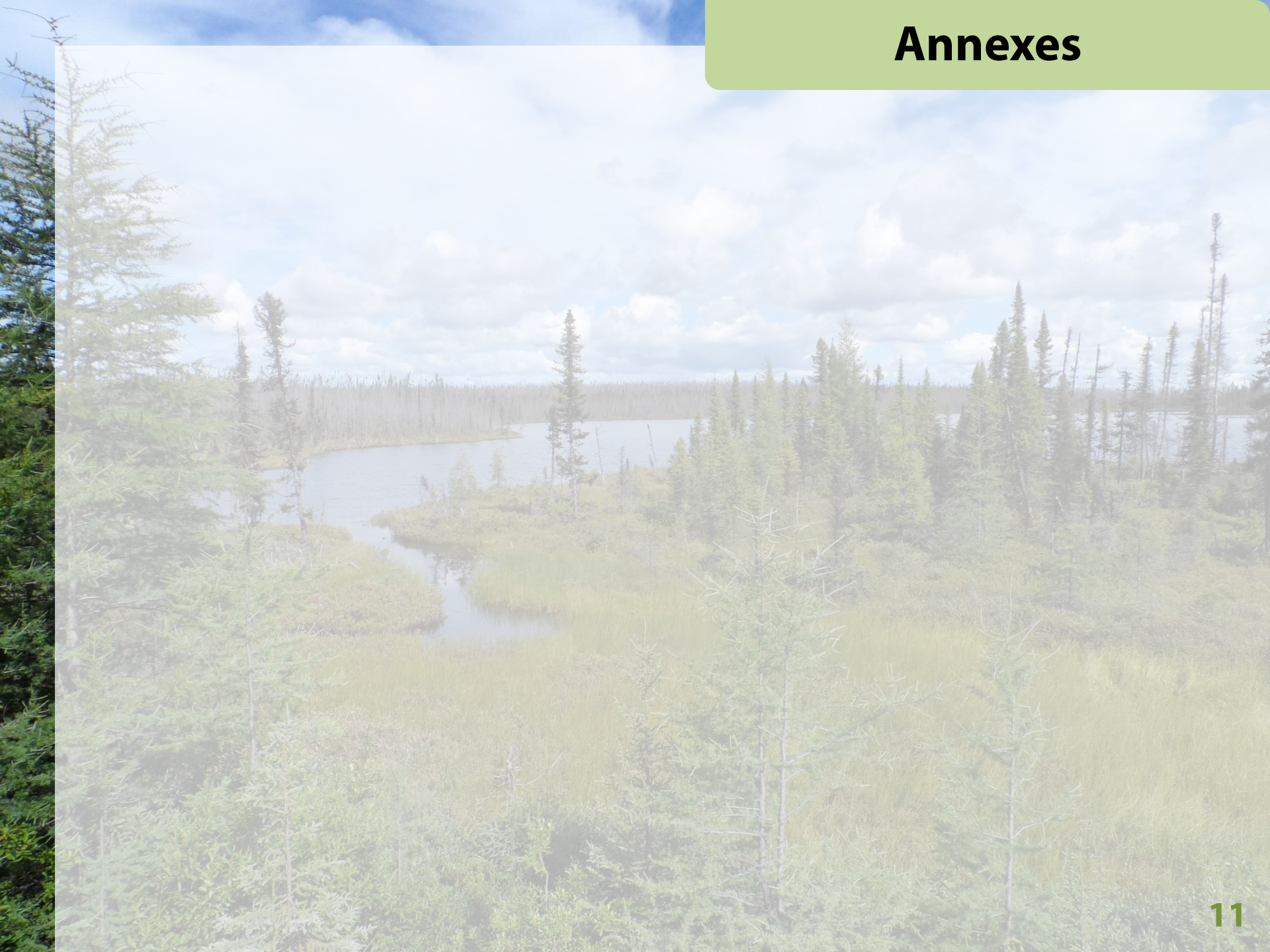


**Perspectives:** Developed fire reconstructions method with charcoal number analyses

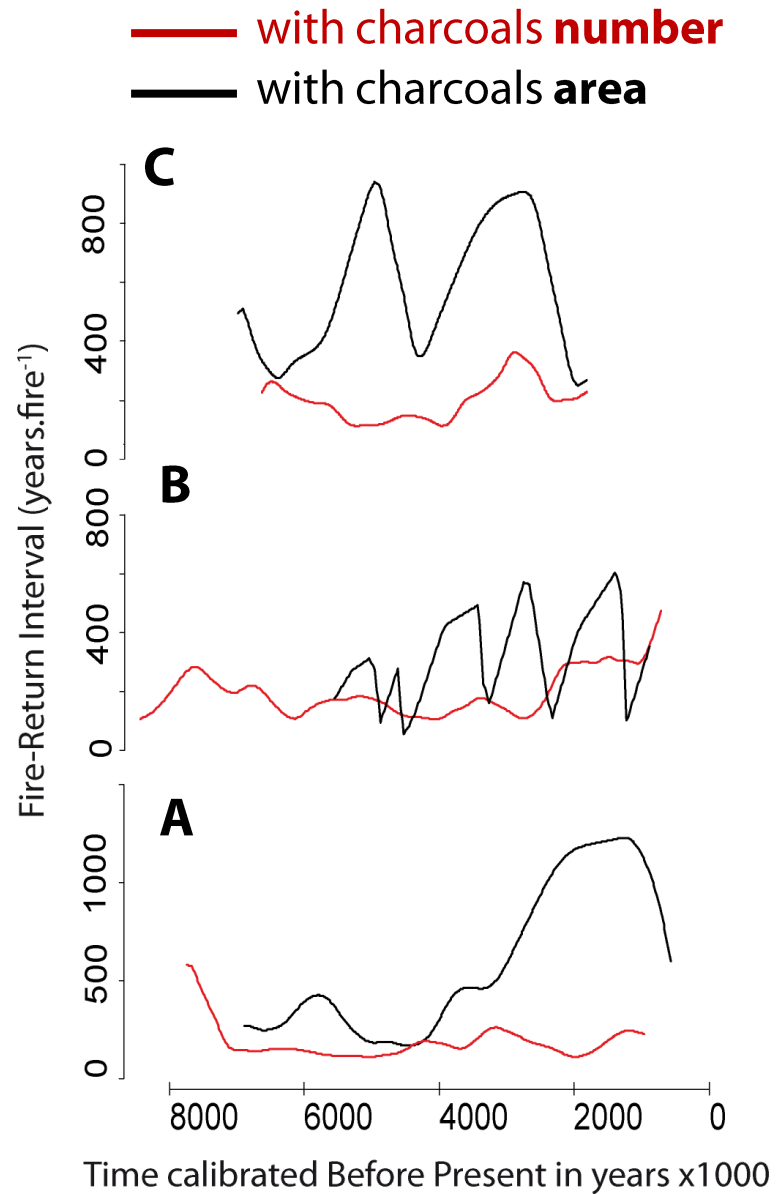
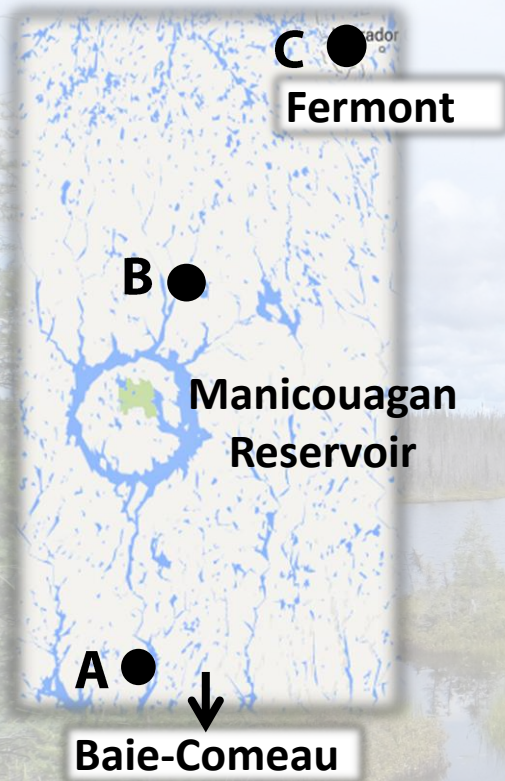


A serene landscape photograph capturing a sunset over a calm body of water. The sun is positioned on the right side of the frame, partially obscured by the silhouettes of evergreen trees. Its golden light creates a bright, shimmering reflection on the water's surface, extending towards the foreground. The sky is filled with soft, wispy clouds, which are illuminated from below, creating a gradient of colors from pale yellow to a deep, dusky blue. The trees in the foreground and middle ground are dark, their forms silhouetted against the bright sky. The overall mood is peaceful and contemplative.

*Thank you for your  
attention*



# Tests of two methods



# Charcoal distribution in peaks

## Refining the selection of events fires



**Low variance**



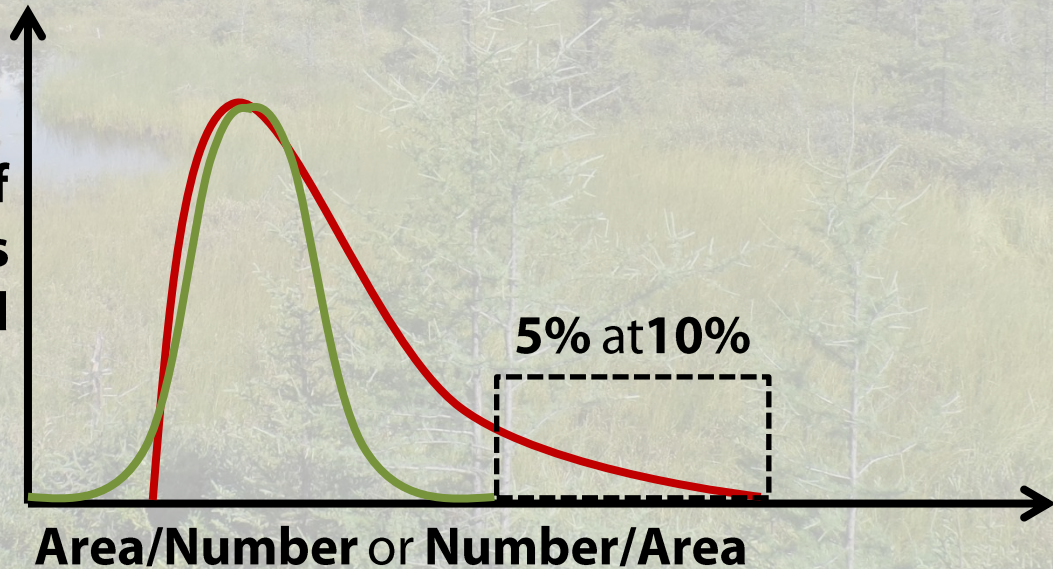
**Area/Number**



**Number/Area**

**Weibull distribution**

**Number of  
events  
detected**



# Method

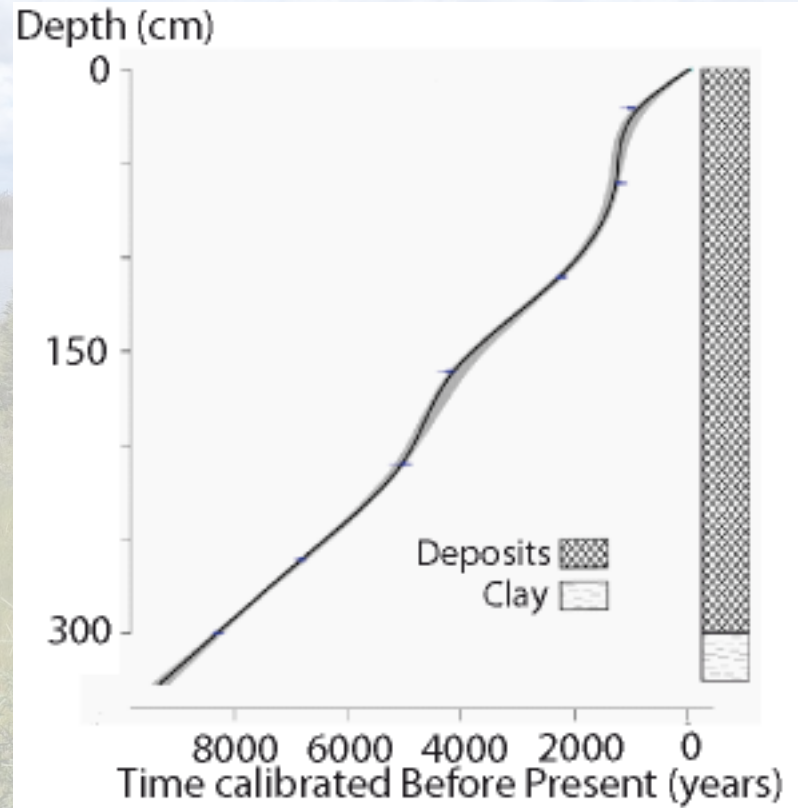


Present =



After

deglaciation =



Age-depth model